

Wells' score

Wells' scoring system' (Wells' score), or a simplified version of it, is used to determine the probability of pulmonary embolism. Determination of the level of risk is based on anamnestic data and clinical examination.

clinical suspicion of deep vein thrombosis	3 points
other diagnosis is less likely than pulmonary embolism	3 points
tachycardia > 100/min	1.5 points
immobilization/surgery in the previous 4 weeks	1.5 points
history of previous deep vein thrombosis or pulmonary embolism	1.5 points
hemoptysis	1 point
active oncological disease (currently being treated or within the previous 6 months)	1 point

Risk of pulmonary embolism

probability	score
low	0–1 points
middle	2–6 points
high	7 points or more

Links

Related articles

- Pulmonary embolism
- Pulmonary embolism (ECG)
- Embolism
- Deep vein thrombosis
- Thromboembolic disease

Used literature

- Skórovací systémy u tromboembolické nemoci (<https://www.kardiologickarevue.cz/casopisy/kardiologicka-revue/2015-2/skorovaci-systemy-u-tromboembolicke-nemoci-52101>)
- MDCalc (<https://www.mdcalc.com/calc/115/wells-criteria-pulmonary-embolism#evidence>)