

Trigonum vesicae

Trigonum vesicae is the triangular field of the urinary bladder . It is defined by three points. At the back are the mouths of the ureters - *ostia ureterum* , at the front is the entrance to the urethra - *ostium urethrae internum* . It is characterized by a smooth surface, i.e. algae are missing here.

Other structures

- **plica interureterica** is a fold of mucosa connecting *the ostia of the ureter*, supported by muscle. Behind it, the mucous membrane of the bladder is depressed, creating *the fossa retrotrigonalis* .
- **The uvula vesicae** is located at the posterior edge of *the ostium urethrae internum* . It is a mucous membrane raised by means of a vascular ligament. It is not very noticeable in a woman. In men, it is found in the place of the middle lobe of the prostate , which, when enlarged, covers the mucous membrane of the uvula over *the ostium urethrae internum* , thus preventing the normal outflow of urine.
- **Bell's bundles** are strips of muscle on the sides that raise the cilia of the mucous membrane .

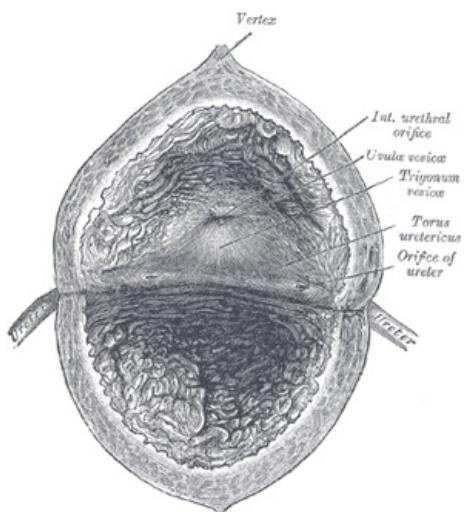
Links

Related Articles

- Bladder
- Urethra
- Examination of urinary sediment

Literature

- GRIM, Miloš. *Základy anatomie : Trávicí, dýchací, močopohlavní a endokrinní systém*. 3. - edition. Galén, 2005. 163 pp. ISBN 9788024609898.
- ČIHÁK, Radomír. *Anatomie* 2. 3. edition. GRADA, 2013. pp. 512. ISBN 978-80-247-4788-0.



Trigonum vesicae. Bordered dorsally
ostia ureterum (ostium ureteris dextrum et
sinistrum) Bordered ventrally ostia
urethrae internum

Topographic anatomy

topographic formations of the head	anulus tendineus communis • cavitas nasalis • fossa infratemporalis • fossa pterygopalatine • fossa temporalis • orbit • septum styloideum • sinus cavernosus • spatium prestyloideum • spatium pterygomandibulare • spatium retropharyngeum • spatium retrostyloideum
topographic formations of the neck	anterior cervical region angulus Béclardi • trigonum a. lingualis • trigonum caroticum • trigonum cervicale anterius • trigonum musculare • trigonum submandibulare • trigonum submentale
	sternocleidomastoid region minor supraclavicular fossa
	region cervicalis lateralis fissura scalenorum • trigonum omoclaviculare • trigonum omotrapezium • trigonum scalenovertebrale
topographic formations of the back	canalis vertebral • trigonum lumbare inferius • trigonum lumbare superiorius • trigonum suboccipitale • regio scapularis
topographic formations of the chest	mediastinum superior • mediastinum inferior • (mediastinum anterius • mediastinum medium • mediastinum posterius) • recessus pleurales
topographic formations of the abdomen	bursa omentalis • canalis inguinalis • foramen omentale • ligamentum hepatoduodenale • recessus peritonei • trigonum cystohepaticum • trigonum inguinale • trigonum lumbocostale • trigonum sternocostale
topographic features of the basin	canalis pudendal • excavatio rectouterina • fossa ischioanal • funiculus spermaticus • trigonum anale • trigonum urogenitale • trigonum vesicae
topographic formations of HK	canalis carpi • canalis cubitalis • canalis pronatorius • canalis supinatorius • canalis ulnaris • foramen humerotricipitale • foramen omotricipitale • axilla • fossa cubitalis • fossa ovalis infraclavicularis • foveola radialis • arcade of Frohse • Guiot's space • hiatus basilicus • incisura scapulae • incisura spinoglenoidalis • Paron's space • sulcus bicipitalis lateralis • sulcus bicipitalis medialis • trigonum clavipectoralis
topographic formations of the lower limb	canalis adductorius • canalis femoralis • arcus tendineus m. solei • canalis musculofibularis • canalis obturatorius • canalis pudendal • Chopart's joint • foramen infrapiriforme • foramen ischiadicum majus • foramen ischiadicum minus • foramen suprapiriforme • fossa iliopectinea • fossa poplitea • hiatus adductor • hiatus saphenus • lacuna muscularum • lacuna vasorum • Lisfranc's joint • trigonum femorale • formations in front of the medial ankle • formations behind the lateral ankle • formations behind the medial ankle
Portal: Anatomy	