

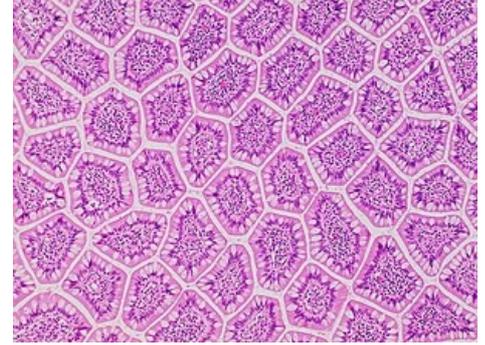
Histology MCQs/Gastrointestinal Tract

1 Are **von Ebner's glands** in the tongue associated with some structures?

- Yes, they are associated with lingual tonsil
- Yes, they are associated with vallate papillae
- Yes, they are associated with fungiform papillae
- No, they are not associated with other structures

2 **Circular folds** in the small intestine are based on projections of some layer of the wall. Which one?

- Nothing. These folds do not exist in the small intestine
- Muscularis externa
- Lamina propria
- Submucosa



Unusual view on the ileum

3 What are **crypts of Lieberkühn** (in the intestine) according to their structure and function?

- Ducts of glands in deeper layers
- Composed glands
- Alveolar glands
- Tubular glands

4 How is called the nerve plexus **in the submucosa** of the gastrointestinal tract?

- Solar plexus
- Meissner's plexus
- Auerbach's plexus
- There is no plexus in the submucosa

5 In which organ do we have eosinophilic **Paneth cells**?

- In the fundus of stomach
- In the pylorus of stomach
- In the small intestine
- In the large intestine

6 In which part of the digestive tube do we have main **Peyer's patches**?

- In the ileum
- In the jejunum
- In the colon ascendens
- In the colon descendens

7 **Tunica muscularis** of stomach has three layers. How are oriented fibers in the innermost layer (with respect to the longitudinal axis of stomach)?

- Muscle cells have longitudinal orientation
- Muscle cells have plexiform orientation
- Muscle cells have circular orientation
- Muscle cells have oblique orientation

8 Villi in the **large intestine** are finger-like projections of one layer of the wall. Which one?

- Lamina propria mucosae
- Tunica submucosa
- Tunica muscularis externa
- There are no villi in the large intestine

9 What are **taeniae coli**?

- Outer layer of tunica muscularis externa reduced on three strips composed of smooth muscle

- Outer layer of tunica muscularis externa reduced on three strips composed of striated muscle
- Inner layer of tunica muscularis externa reduced on three strips composed of smooth muscle
- Inner layer of tunica muscularis externa reduced on three strips composed of striated muscle

10 What is a **Brunner's gland**?

- Branched tubular mucinous gland sitting mainly in the submucosa of anus and rectum
- Branched tubular mucinous gland sitting mainly in the submucosa of duodenum
- Branched tubular mucinous gland sitting mainly in the submucosa of jejunum
- Branched tubular mucinous gland sitting mainly in the submucosa of ileum

11 What is a **lacteal**?

- Blood vessel in the lamina propria of the small intestine
- Blood vessel in the lamina propria of large intestine
- Lymphatic vessel in the lamina propria of the small intestine
- Lymphatic vessel in the lamina propria of large intestine

12 What is the function of **chief cells** in main gastric glands?

- Production of signaling molecules
- Production of digestive enzymes
- Production of hydrochloric acid
- Production of acid mucus

13 What is main function of **Paneth cells** in the intestine?

- Transportation of antigens through the epithelial barrier
- Production of antibacterial compounds
- Production of mucus
- Digestion of lipids

14 What is the function of **parietal cells** in main gastric glands?

- Production of hydrochloric acid
- Production of digestive enzymes
- Production of neutral mucus
- They are stem cells

15 What is an **intrinsic factor** which is produced in the stomach?

- Protein which protects vitamin B₁₂ against aggressive environment in the stomach
- Protein which protects vitamin C against aggressive environment in the stomach
- Lipid which protects vitamin B₁₂ against aggressive environment in the stomach
- Lipid which protects vitamin C against aggressive environment in the stomach

16 Where does have an adult man their **ameloblasts**?

- Ameloblasts are haphazardly distributed in the dental pulp
- Ameloblasts are in one layer between dentin and enamel
- Ameloblasts are in one layer between pulp and dentin
- An adult man has no ameloblasts

17 Which big salivary gland is **completely serous**?

- Apical lingual gland
- Submandibular gland
- Sublingual gland
- Parotid gland

18 Which big salivary gland is **mainly mucinous**?

- Apical lingual gland
- Submandibular gland
- Sublingual gland
- Parotid gland

19 What is main function of **Kupfer cells** in liver?

- They are stem cells for hepatic epithelial tissue
- They are stem cells for hepatic connective tissue
- They are tissue resident macrophages
- They are a storage of vitamin A

20 Which of following statements about **oesophageal glands** (*gl. oesophageales*) is true?

- They are small mucinous glands in the lamina propria
- They are small serous glands in the lamina propria
- They are small mucinous glands in the submucosa
- They are small serous glands in the submucosa

21 Which of following structures **does not take place** in the pancreas?

- Striated ducts
- Intercalated ducts
- Intralobular ducts
- Interlobular ducts

22 Which statement about **the outermost layer** of proximal (oral) part of the oesophagus is true?

- Proximal (oral) part of the oesophagus is not covered by serosa
- Proximal (oral) part of the oesophagus is covered by simple squamous epithelium called mesothelium
- Proximal (oral) part of the oesophagus is covered by stratified squamous epithelium called endothelium
- Proximal (oral) part of the oesophagus is covered by stratified squamous epithelium called mesothelium

23 Which statement about the lamina muscularis mucosae of pylorus is true?

- Lamina muscularis mucosae does not exist in the pylorus
- Lamina muscularis mucosae is composed of smooth muscle cells
- Lamina muscularis mucosae is composed of striated muscle fibers
- Lamina muscularis mucosae is composed of both smooth muscle cells and striated muscle fibers

24 Which structure takes place in the middle of **the liver acinus** (Rappaport's acinus)?

- Bile duct
- Central vein
- Hepatic artery
- There is no obvious structure in the middle of the liver acinus

25 Which structures form borders of **Disse's space** (space of Disse)?

- Two hepatocytes
- Ito's cells and a wall of sinusoid
- Hepatocytes and a wall of sinusoid
- Kupfer's cells and a wall of sinusoid

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- Portal:Histology