

Category:Infectious medicine

Pages in category "Infectious medicine"

The following 189 pages are in this category, out of 189 total.

A

- Acinetobacter calcoaceticus
- Actinobacillus
- Actinomyces israeli
- Actinomycosis
- Acute mediastinitis
- Acute pharyngitis
- Acute thyroiditis
- Acute viral encephalitis
- Adenoviruses
- Aeromonas and plesiomonas
- Agents of respiratory infections
- AIDS diagnosis
- Allergic bronchopulmonary aspergillosis
- Angina
- Anthroponosis
- Antibiotics (neonatology)
- Antifungals
- Atypical pneumonia

B

- Bacterial meningitis (infection)
- Bacterial meningitis (paediatrics)
- Beta lactam antibiotics
- Biochemical examination of cerebrospinal fluid
- Biological weapons
- Brain abscess
- Breakdown of vaccination in the Czech Republic
- Brudzinski's sign

C

- C-reactive protein
- Candidosis
- Carbapenems
- Cellulitis
- Cerebrospinal fluid examination
- Cerebrospinal fluid spectrophotometry
- Chronic mediastinitis
- Clostridium
- Community-acquired pneumonia
- Complications and treatment of streptococcal infections
- Complications of tonsillitis
- Congenital listeriosis
- Congenital syphilis
- Corynebacterium diphtheriae
- Covid-19
- Coxiella burnetii
- Cryptococcus neoformans
- Cysticercosis
- Cytological examination of cerebrospinal fluid

D

- Dermatomycoses
- Dermatomycosis
- Diarrhea (pediatrics)
- Diarrheal diseases (guide)
- Diarrheal diseases (signpost)
- Dietary therapy in infectious diseases
- Differential diagnosis and therapy of paresis in infectious diseases

- Differential diagnosis of angina pectoris
- Differential diagnosis of diarrheal diseases
- Differential diagnosis of diarrhoeal diseases
- Dimorphic fungi
- Diseases of the upper respiratory tract
- Division of vaccination in the Czech Republic

E

- Echinoviruses
- Echovirus
- Endocarditis
- Entamoeba histolytica
- Enterobacter
- Enterohemorrhagic Escherichia coli
- Enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli
- Enterotoxins
- Enteroviral exanthems
- Erysipela
- Erysipelas
- Erysipeloid
- Erythema exsudativum multiforme
- Erythema nodosum
- Escherichia coli

F

- Filaria
- Filatov's sign
- Flatau's sign
- Flavivirus
- Fournier's gangrene
- Fusobacterium

G

- Gastrointestinal parasitosis
- Genital herpes
- Giardia lamblia
- Glycopeptides
- Glycylcycline
- Glycylcyclines
- Glycylcyclins
- Gram-negative anaerobic rods and cocci
- Gram-positive non-sporulating anaerobes
- Group A streptococcal infection

H

- Hand, foot, mouth syndrome
- Hepatitis
- HHV-6 and HHV-7 infections
- Hutchinson's triad

I

- Importance of streptococcal infections and their prevention
- Incubation period
- Infection threatening the fetus
- Infections caused by enterococci
- Infections in immunocompromised patients
- Infections in the neonatal period
- Infectious brain disease
- Infectious diseases in drug addicts
- Infectious Exanthematous Diseases in Childhood
- Infectious mononucleosis
- Infectious mononucleosis syndrome
- Inflammation around the jaw
- Inflammation of the lacrimal gland and lacrimal sac
- Inflammation of the mediastinum
- Inflammation of the outer ear
- Inflammatory intracranial diseases
- Inoculum
- Invasive meningococcal diseases

K

- Kawasaki disease
- Klebsiella

L

- Lasegue's sign
- Liver involvement in infectious diseases
- Lumbar puncture
- Lymphogranuloma venereum

M

- Manifestations of infectious diseases in the oral cavity
- Mediastinitis
- Meningeal signs
- Meningism
- Microbial picture of the vagina
- Monitoring of the internal environment in intensive care
- MRSA

N

- Neonatal Infections
- Neonatal sepsis
- Nitrofurantoin
- Non-neoplastic lymphadenopathy
- Nosocomial Infections
- Nosocomial infections/school (nurse)
- Nystatin

O

- Occupational infectious diseases
- Of cerebrospinal fluid
- Onychomycosis
- Opisthotonus
- Osteomyelitis cranii
- Otitis externa maligna
- Oxazolidinones

P

- Pandemic
- Panniculitis
- Papovavirus
- Paramyxovirus
- Parasitic disease (paediatrics)
- Parasitism
- Passive immunization
- Peptococcus
- Pityriasis rosea
- Pneumococcal meningitis
- Polyradiculoneuritis
- Proteins in cerebrospinal fluid
- Puerperal fever
- Purulent meningitis (pediatrics)

Q

- Quinine
- Quinolones

R

- Rapid Reagin Reaction (RRR)
- Rational atb therapy
- Reactive arthritis
- Regular vaccinations in Czech republic
- Regular vaccinations in the Czech Republic
- Rhinitis acuta
- Rickettsioses

- Rifampicin
- Risk factors for nosocomial infections

S

- Sepsis
- Septic shock
- Spectinomycin
- Stevens- Johnson's syndrome
- Streptococcal infections
- Suppurative meningitis (infection)
- Symptom of neck opposition
- Systemic inflammatory response syndrome

T

- The Filarioidea
- The originators of infections of the female genital tract
- The sign of opposition is the isthmus
- Therapy of diarrheal diseases
- Tick-borne diseases
- Tick-borne encephalitis
- Transmissible diseases

U

- Urinary tract infections
- Use of attenuated viruses

V

- Vaccines
- Viral hepatitis
- Viral infections of the nervous system
- Viral meningitis

Y

- Yeast
- Yersinia
- Yersinia enterocolitica
- Yersinia pestis
- Yersinia pseudotuberculosis