

13C-mixed triacylglyceride breath test

Principle

The principle of the breath test with ^{13}C -mixed triglycerides is the cleavage of this substrate by pancreatic lipase. ^{13}C -MTG substrate is a triglyceride with ^{13}C -labeled octanoate in position 2 and stearate in positions 1 and 3. Pancreatic lipase cleaves the triglyceride and ^{13}C -octanoate is further oxidized in liver (beta-oxidation fats). In exhaled air, the amount of $^{13}\text{CO}_2$ is determined by the breath test analyzer. A variant is a test with another substrate for lipase - Hiolein. The specificity of the assay depends on the structure of the substrate, which affects the kinetics of hydrolysis.

File:MTG breath test.jpg
MTG breath test of
pancreatic function

Performs an MTG-BT test

The patient must be fasted and discontinuation of pancreatic replacement at least 24 hours prior to the start of the test. Indirect stimulation with the test meal involves crispy cornbread with 50 g of fat (preferably vegetable margarine) to which 100 mg of ^{13}C -labeled triglyceride is added. An air sample is taken before serving the test meal, and then for 6 hours at 30-minute or 60-minute intervals. Samples can be analyzed by IRMS or IR type analyzers. The evaluation is the cumulative output in 6 hours, which in percent of the administered substrate expresses the degree of pancreatic insufficiency. The limit of the standard is 22% for the MTG-BT test when calculating the cumulative output using BSA (body surface area calculated using the patient's height and weight). More accurate values can be calculated using BMR (basal metabolic rate) taking into account the sex and age of the patient. The limit of the standard for calculating BMR is 30%.

File:Metabolic processes
MTG.jpg
Metabolic processes MTG

Clinical significance

The MTG-BT test is of clinical importance in the differential diagnosis of Malabsorption Syndrome, as a functional test of pancreatic exocrine function and for long-term follow-up of patients with chronic pancreatitis. Breath tests with ^{13}C -mixed triglycerides (MTG-BT), or ^{13}C -Hiolein are indirect functional tests exocrine function pancreas and can be used to monitor the success of pancreatic replacement therapy.

Links

Related Articles

- Breath tests

Resources

- with permission of the author taken from KOCNA, Petr. *GastroLab : MiniEncyclopedia of laboratory methods in gastroenterology* [online]. ©2002. The last revision 2011-01-08, [cit. 2011-03-04]. <<http://www1.lf1.cuni.cz/~kocna/glab/glency1.htm>>.

Used literature

- HERZOG, DC. , et al. 13C-labeled mixed triglyceride breath test (13C MTG-BT) in healthy children and children with cystic fibrosis (CF) under pancreatic enzyme replacement therapy (PERT): a pilot study. *Clin Biochem.* 2008, y. 18, vol. 41, p. 1489-92, ISSN 0009-9120 (Print), 1873-2933 (Electronic). PMID: 18817766 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/18817766>).
- DOMÍNGUEZ-MUÑOZ, IS. 13C-mixed triglyceride breath test to assess oral enzyme substitution therapy in patients with chronic pancreatitis. *Clin Gastroenterol Hepatol.* 2007, y. 4, vol. 5, p. 484-8, ISSN 1542-3565 (Print), 1542-7714 (Electronic). PMID: 17445754 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/17445754>).
- SLATER, C. Advantages of deuterium-labeled mixed triacylglycerol in studies of intraluminal fat digestion. *Rapid Commun Mass Spectrom.* 2006, y. 2, vol. 20, p. 75-80, ISSN 0951-4198 (Print), 1097-0231 (Electronic). PMID: 16331742 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/16331742>).
- DOMÍNGUEZ-MUÑOZ, IS. Effect of the administration schedule on the therapeutic efficacy of oral pancreatic enzyme supplements in patients with exocrine pancreatic insufficiency: a randomized, three-way crossover study. *Aliment Pharmacol Ther.* 2005, vol. 21, no. 8, p. 993-1000, ISSN 0269-2813 (Print), 1365-2036 (Electronic). PMID: 15813835 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15813835>).
- DUMASY, V. , et al. Fat malabsorption screening in chronic pancreatitis. *Am J Gastroenterol.* 2004, vol. 99, no. 7, p. 1350-4, ISSN 0002-9270 (Print), 1572-0241 (Electronic). PMID:

15233677 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15233677>).

- RITZ, MA. Evaluation of the 13C-triolein breath test for fat malabsorption in adult patients with cystic fibrosis. *J Gastroenterol Hepatol*. 2004, vol. 19, no. 4, p. 448-53, ISSN 0815-9319 (Print), 1440-1746 (Electronic). PMID: 15012784 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/15012784>).
- SCHUETTE, SA. Effect of triglyceride structure on fecal excretion of 13C-labeled triglycerides. *J Am Coll Nutr*. 2003, vol. 22, no. 6, p. 511-8, ISSN 0731-5724 (Print), 1541-1087 (Electronic). PMID: 14684756 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14684756>).
- SUN., DY. Clinical application of 13C-Hiolein breath test in assessing pancreatic exocrine insufficiency. *Hepatobiliary Pancreat Dis Int*. 2003, vol. 2, no. 3, p. 449-52, ISSN 1499-3872 (Print). PMID: 14599958 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/14599958>).
- SLATER, C. Analysis of 13C-mixed triacylglycerol in stool by bulk (EA-IRMS) and compound specific (GC / MS) methods. *Isotopes Environ Health Stud*. 2002, vol. 38, no. 2, p. 79-86, ISSN 1025-6016 (Print), 1477-2639 (Electronic). PMID: 12219984 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/12219984>).
- VAN DIJK-VAN AALST, K. 13C mixed triglyceride breath test: a noninvasive method to assess lipase activity in children. *J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr*. 2001, vol. 32, no. 5, p. 579-85, ISSN 0277-2116 (Print), 1536-4801 (Electronic). PMID: 11429520 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/11429520>).
- WUTZKE, KD. , et al. Triglyceride oxidation in cystic fibrosis: a comparison between different 13C-labeled tracer substances. *J Pediatr Gastroenterol Nutr*. 1999, vol. 29, no. 2, p. 148-54, ISSN 0277-2116 (Print), 1536-4801 (Electronic). PMID: 10435651 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10435651>).
- ADAMEK, RJ. 13C-mixed triglyceride CO2 exhalation test. Investigation with an isotope selective, non dispersive infrared spectrophotometer of indirect function of the exocrine pancreas. *Dtsch Med Wochenschr*. 1999, vol. 124, no. 5, p. 103-8, ISSN 0012-0472 (Print), 1439-4413 (Electronic). PMID: 10076549 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/10076549>).
- LÖSER, C. Comparative clinical evaluation of the 13C-mixed triglyceride breath test as an indirect pancreatic function test. *Scand J Gastroenterol*. 1999, vol. 33, no. 3, p. 327-34, ISSN 0036-5521 (Print), 1502-7708 (Electronic). PMID: 9548629 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9548629>).
- BRADEN, B. Monitoring pancreatin supplementation in cystic fibrosis patients with the 13C-Hiolein breath test: evidence for normalized fat assimilation with high dose pancreatin therapy. *Z Gastroenterol*. 1997, vol. 35, no. 2, p. 123-9, ISSN 0044-2771 (Print), 1439-7803 (Electronic). PMID: 9066102 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9066102>).
- LEMBCKE, B. Exocrine pancreatic insufficiency: accuracy and clinical value of the uniformly labeled 13C-Hiolein breath test. *Gut*. 1996, vol. 39, no. 5, p. 668-74, ISSN 0017-5749 (Print), 1468-3288 (Electronic). PMID: 9026480 (<http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/9026480>).